

Single-Channel: 6N137, HCPL2601, HCPL2611 Dual-Channel: HCPL2630, HCPL2631 High Speed 10MBit/s Logic Gate Optocouplers

Features

- Very high speed – 10 MBit/s
- Superior CMR – 10 kV/μs
- Double working voltage-480V
- Fan-out of 8 over -40°C to +85°C
- Logic gate output
- Strobable output
- Wired OR-open collector
- U.L. recognized (File # E90700)

Applications

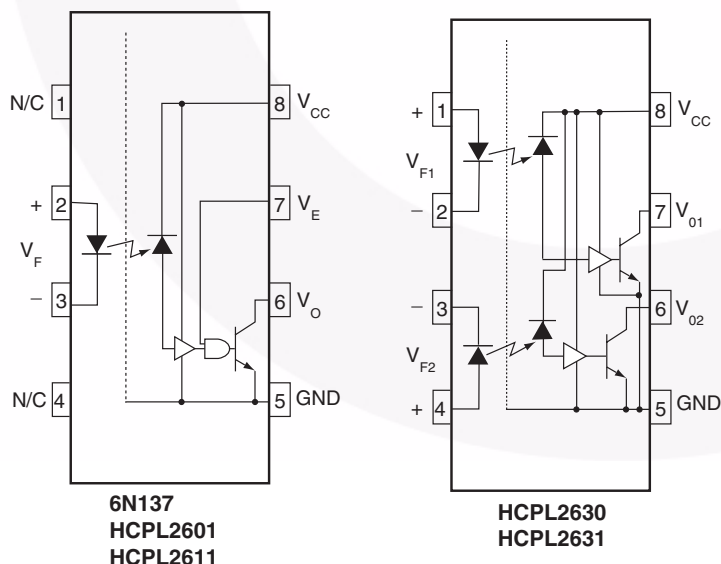
- Ground loop elimination
- LSTTL to TTL, LSTTL or 5-volt CMOS
- Line receiver, data transmission
- Data multiplexing
- Switching power supplies
- Pulse transformer replacement
- Computer-peripheral interface

Description

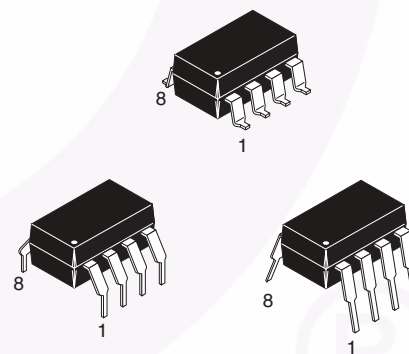
The 6N137, HCPL2601, HCPL2611 single-channel and HCPL2630, HCPL2631 dual-channel optocouplers consist of a 850 nm AlGaAs LED, optically coupled to a very high speed integrated photo-detector logic gate with a strobable output. This output features an open collector, thereby permitting wired OR outputs. The coupled parameters are guaranteed over the temperature range of -40°C to +85°C. A maximum input signal of 5mA will provide a minimum output sink current of 13mA (fan out of 8).

An internal noise shield provides superior common mode rejection of typically 10kV/μs. The HCPL2601 and HCPL2631 has a minimum CMR of 5kV/μs. The HCPL2611 has a minimum CMR of 10kV/μs.

Schematics



Package Outlines



Truth Table (Positive Logic)

Input	Enable	Output
H	H	L
L	H	H
H	L	H
L	L	H
H	NC	L
L	NC	H

Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

Symbol	Parameter		Value	Units
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature		-55 to +125	°C
T _{OPR}	Operating Temperature		-40 to +85	°C
T _{SOL}	Lead Solder Temperature (for wave soldering only)*		260 for 10 sec	°C
EMITTER				
I _F	DC/Average Forward	Single Channel	50	mA
	Input Current	Dual Channel (Each Channel)	30	
V _E	Enable Input Voltage Not to Exceed V _{CC} by more than 500mV	Single Channel	5.5	V
V _R	Reverse Input Voltage	Each Channel	5.0	V
P _I	Power Dissipation	Single Channel	100	mW
		Dual Channel (Each Channel)	45	
DETECTOR				
V _{CC} (1 minute max)	Supply Voltage		7.0	V
I _O	Output Current	Single Channel	50	mA
		Dual Channel (Each Channel)	50	
V _O	Output Voltage	Each Channel	7.0	V
P _O	Collector Output	Single Channel	85	mW
	Power Dissipation	Dual Channel (Each Channel)	60	

*For peak soldering reflow, please refer to the Reflow Profile on page 11.

Recommended Operating Conditions

The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual device operation. Recommended operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the datasheet specifications. Fairchild does not recommend exceeding them or designing to absolute maximum ratings.

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
I_{FL}	Input Current, Low Level	0	250	μA
I_{FH}	Input Current, High Level	*6.3	15	mA
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage, Output	4.5	5.5	V
V_{EL}	Enable Voltage, Low Level	0	0.8	V
V_{EH}	Enable Voltage, High Level	2.0	V_{CC}	V
T_A	Low Level Supply Current	-40	+85	$^\circ\text{C}$
N	Fan Out (TTL load)		8	

*6.3mA is a guard banded value which allows for at least 20% CTR degradation. Initial input current threshold value is 5.0mA or less.

Electrical Characteristics ($T_A = 0$ to 70°C unless otherwise specified)**Individual Component Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.*	Max.	Unit
EMITTER						
V_F	Input Forward Voltage	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.4	1.8 1.75	V
B_{VR}	Input Reverse Breakdown Voltage	$I_R = 10\mu\text{A}$	5.0			V
C_{IN}	Input Capacitance	$V_F = 0$, $f = 1\text{MHz}$		60		pF
$\Delta V_F / \Delta T_A$	Input Diode Temperature Coefficient	$I_F = 10\text{mA}$		-1.4		mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
DETECTOR						
I_{CCH}	High Level Supply Current	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$, $I_F = 0\text{mA}$, $V_E = 0.5\text{V}$	Single Channel Dual Channel	7 10	10 15	mA
I_{CCL}	Low Level Supply Current	Single Channel Dual Channel	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$, $I_F = 10\text{mA}$ $V_E = 0.5\text{V}$	9 14	13 21	mA
I_{EL}	Low Level Enable Current	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$, $V_E = 0.5\text{V}$		-0.8	-1.6	mA
I_{EH}	High Level Enable Current	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$, $V_E = 2.0\text{V}$		-0.6	-1.6	mA
V_{EH}	High Level Enable Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$, $I_F = 10\text{mA}$	2.0			V
V_{EL}	Low Level Enable Voltage	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$, $I_F = 10\text{mA}^{(3)}$			0.8	V

Switching Characteristics ($T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$, $I_F = 7.5\text{mA}$ unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	AC Characteristics	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.*	Max.	Unit
T_{PLH}	Propagation Delay Time to Output HIGH Level	$R_L = 350\Omega$, $C_L = 15\text{pF}^{(4)}$ (Fig. 12) $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	20	45	75 100	ns
T_{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time to Output LOW Level	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}^{(5)}$ $R_L = 350\Omega$, $C_L = 15\text{pF}$ (Fig. 12)	25	45	75 100	ns
$ T_{PHL} - T_{PLH} $	Pulse Width Distortion	$(R_L = 350\Omega, C_L = 15\text{pF})$ (Fig. 12)		3	35	ns
t_r	Output Rise Time (10–90%)	$R_L = 350\Omega$, $C_L = 15\text{pF}^{(6)}$ (Fig. 12)		50		ns
t_f	Output Rise Time (90–10%)	$R_L = 350\Omega$, $C_L = 15\text{pF}^{(7)}$ (Fig. 12)		12		ns
t_{ELH}	Enable Propagation Delay Time to Output HIGH Level	$I_F = 7.5\text{mA}$, $V_{EH} = 3.5\text{V}$, $R_L = 350\Omega$, $C_L = 15\text{pF}^{(8)}$ (Fig. 13)		20		ns
t_{EHL}	Enable Propagation Delay Time to Output LOW Level	$I_F = 7.5\text{mA}$, $V_{EH} = 3.5\text{V}$, $R_L = 350\Omega$, $C_L = 15\text{pF}^{(9)}$ (Fig. 13)		20		ns
$ ICM_H $	Common Mode Transient Immunity (at Output HIGH Level)	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $ IV_{CM} = 50\text{V}$ (Peak), $I_F = 0\text{mA}$, $V_{OH} (\text{Min.}) = 2.0\text{V}$, $R_L = 350\Omega^{(10)}$ (Fig. 14)	6N137, HCPL2630 HCPL2601, HCPL2631	10,000 5000	10,000	V/ μs
		$ IV_{CM} = 400\text{V}$	HCPL2611	10,000	15,000	V/ μs
$ ICM_L $	Common Mode Transient Immunity (at Output LOW Level)	$R_L = 350\Omega$, $I_F = 7.5\text{mA}$, $V_{OL} (\text{Max.}) = 0.8\text{V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}^{(11)}$ (Fig. 14)	6N137, HCPL2630 HCPL2601, HCPL2631	10,000 5000	10,000	V/ μs
		$ IV_{CM} = 400\text{V}$	HCPL2611	10,000	15,000	V/ μs

Electrical Characteristics (Continued)**Transfer Characteristics** ($T_A = -40$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	DC Characteristics	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.*	Max.	Unit
I_{OH}	HIGH Level Output Current	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$, $V_O = 5.5\text{V}$, $I_F = 250\mu\text{A}$, $V_E = 2.0\text{V}^{(2)}$			100	μA
V_{OL}	LOW Level Output Current	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$, $I_F = 5\text{mA}$, $V_E = 2.0\text{V}$, $I_{CL} = 13\text{mA}^{(2)}$.35	0.6	V
I_{FT}	Input Threshold Current	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$, $V_O = 0.6\text{V}$, $V_E = 2.0\text{V}$, $I_{OL} = 13\text{mA}$		3	5	mA

Isolation Characteristics ($T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Characteristics	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.*	Max.	Unit
I_{I-O}	Input-Output Insulation Leakage Current	Relative humidity = 45%, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $t = 5\text{s}$, $V_{I-O} = 3000\text{VDC}^{(12)}$			1.0*	μA
V_{ISO}	Withstand Insulation Test Voltage	$RH < 50\%$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_{I-O} \leq 2\mu\text{A}$, $t = 1\text{ min.}^{(12)}$	2500			V_{RMS}
R_{I-O}	Resistance (Input to Output)	$V_{I-O} = 500\text{V}^{(12)}$		10^{12}		Ω
C_{I-O}	Capacitance (Input to Output)	$f = 1\text{MHz}^{(12)}$		0.6		pF

*All Typicals at $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ **Notes:**

1. The V_{CC} supply to each optoisolator must be bypassed by a $0.1\mu\text{F}$ capacitor or larger. This can be either a ceramic or solid tantalum capacitor with good high frequency characteristic and should be connected as close as possible to the package V_{CC} and GND pins of each device.
2. Each channel.
3. Enable Input – No pull up resistor required as the device has an internal pull up resistor.
4. t_{PLH} – Propagation delay is measured from the 3.75mA level on the HIGH to LOW transition of the input current pulse to the 1.5V level on the LOW to HIGH transition of the output voltage pulse.
5. t_{PHL} – Propagation delay is measured from the 3.75mA level on the LOW to HIGH transition of the input current pulse to the 1.5V level on the HIGH to LOW transition of the output voltage pulse.
6. t_r – Rise time is measured from the 90% to the 10% levels on the LOW to HIGH transition of the output pulse.
7. t_f – Fall time is measured from the 10% to the 90% levels on the HIGH to LOW transition of the output pulse.
8. t_{ELH} – Enable input propagation delay is measured from the 1.5V level on the HIGH to LOW transition of the input voltage pulse to the 1.5V level on the LOW to HIGH transition of the output voltage pulse.
9. t_{EHL} – Enable input propagation delay is measured from the 1.5V level on the LOW to HIGH transition of the input voltage pulse to the 1.5V level on the HIGH to LOW transition of the output voltage pulse.
10. CM_H – The maximum tolerable rate of rise of the common mode voltage to ensure the output will remain in the HIGH state (i.e., $V_{OUT} > 2.0\text{V}$). Measured in volts per microsecond ($\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$).
11. CM_L – The maximum tolerable rate of rise of the common mode voltage to ensure the output will remain in the LOW output state (i.e., $V_{OUT} < 0.8\text{V}$). Measured in volts per microsecond ($\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$).
12. Device considered a two-terminal device: Pins 1, 2, 3 and 4 shorted together, and Pins 5, 6, 7 and 8 shorted together.

Typical Performance Curves

Fig.1 Low Level Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

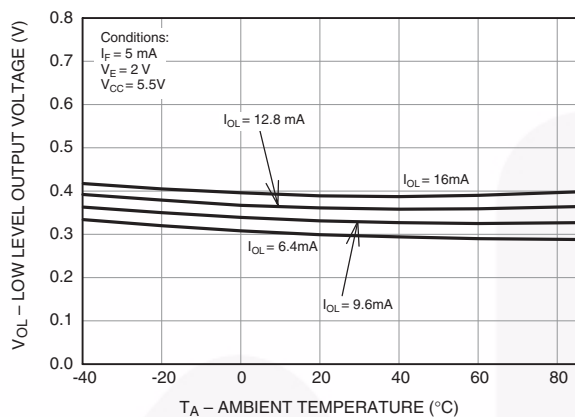


Fig. 2 Input Diode Forward Voltage vs. Forward Current

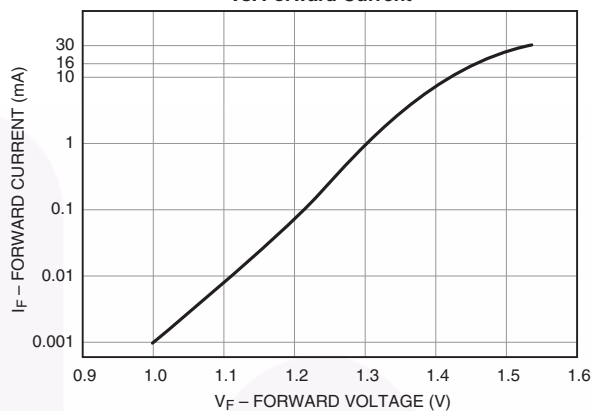


Fig.3 Switching Time vs. Forward Current

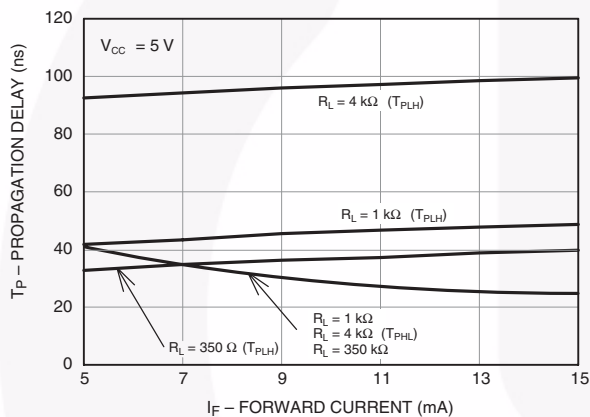


Fig. 4 Low Level Output Current vs. Ambient Temperature

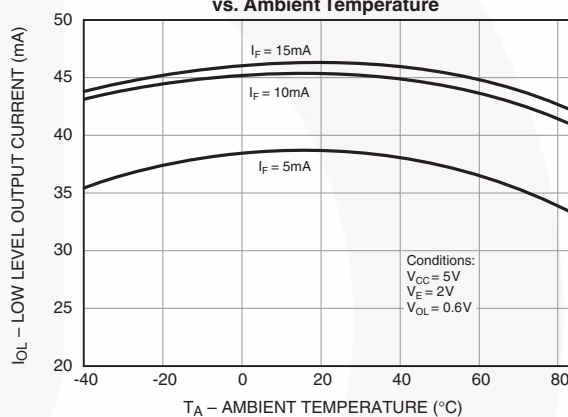


Fig. 5 Input Threshold Current vs. Ambient Temperature

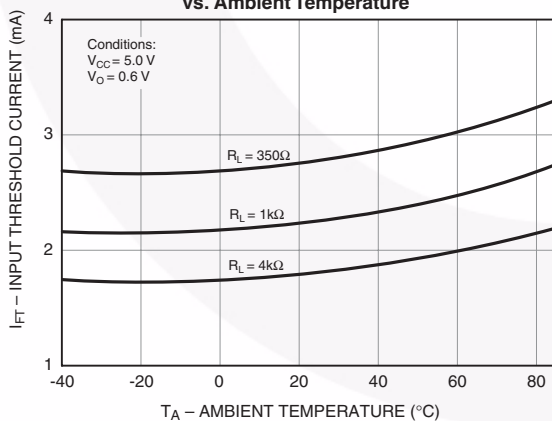
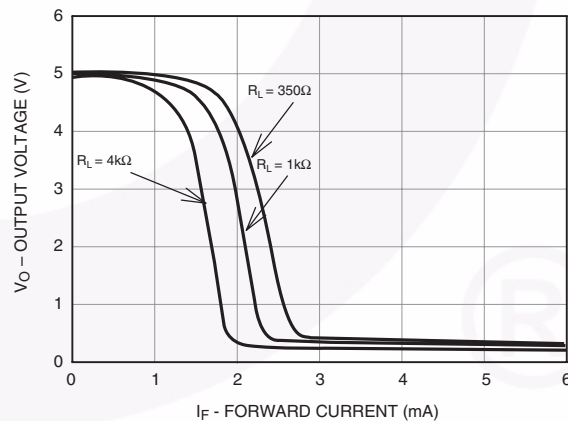


Fig. 6 Output Voltage vs. Input Forward Current



Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

Fig. 7 Pulse Width Distortion vs. Temperature

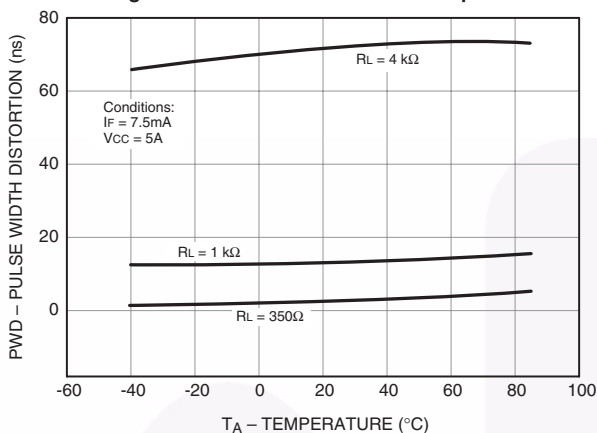


Fig. 8 Rise and Fall Time vs. Temperature

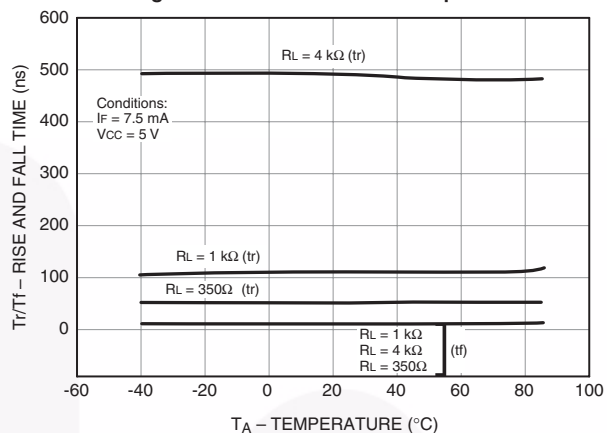


Fig. 9 Enable Propagation Delay vs. Temperature

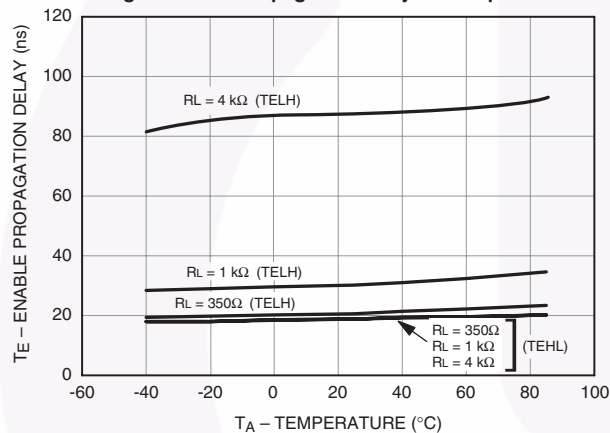


Fig. 10 Switching Time vs. Temperature

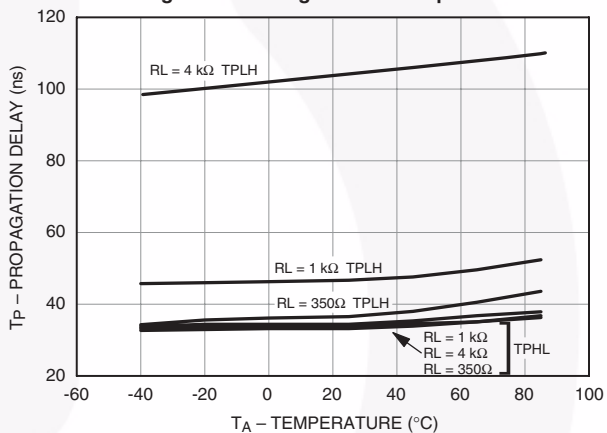
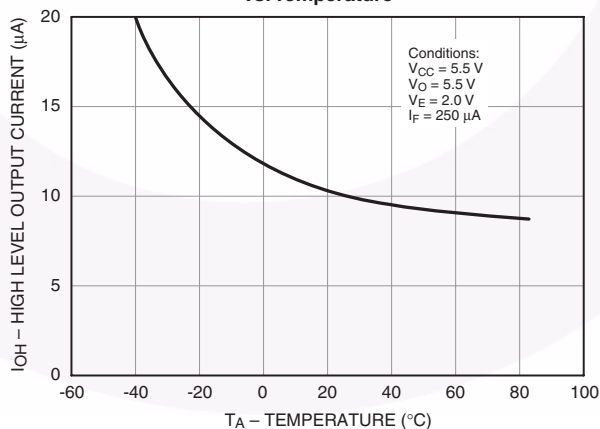


Fig. 11 High Level Output Current vs. Temperature



Test Circuits

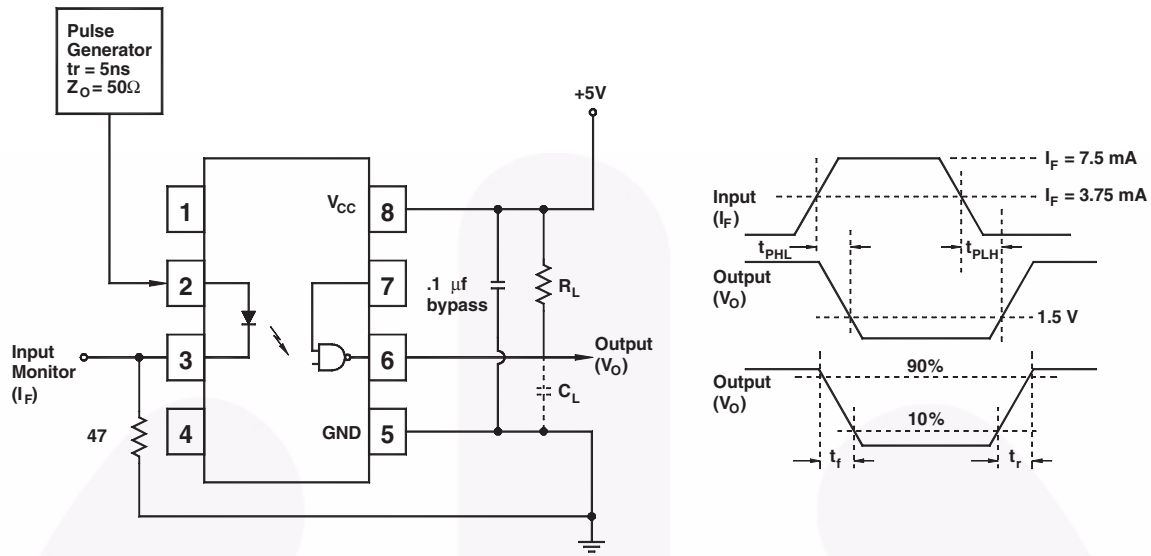


Fig. 12 Test Circuit and Waveforms for t_{PLH} , t_{PHL} , t_r and t_f

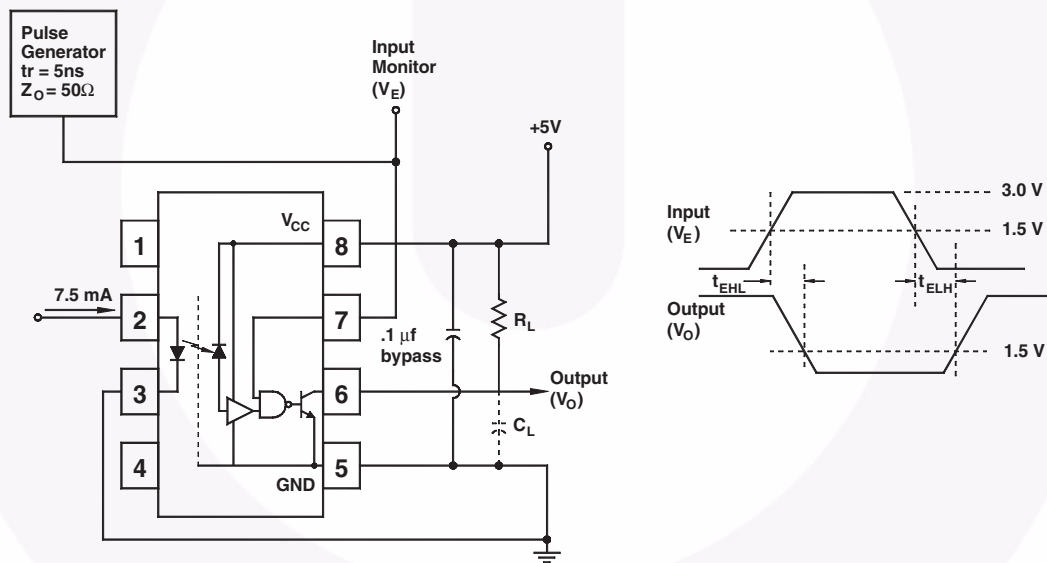


Fig. 13 Test Circuit t_{EHL} and t_{ELH}

Test Circuits (Continued)

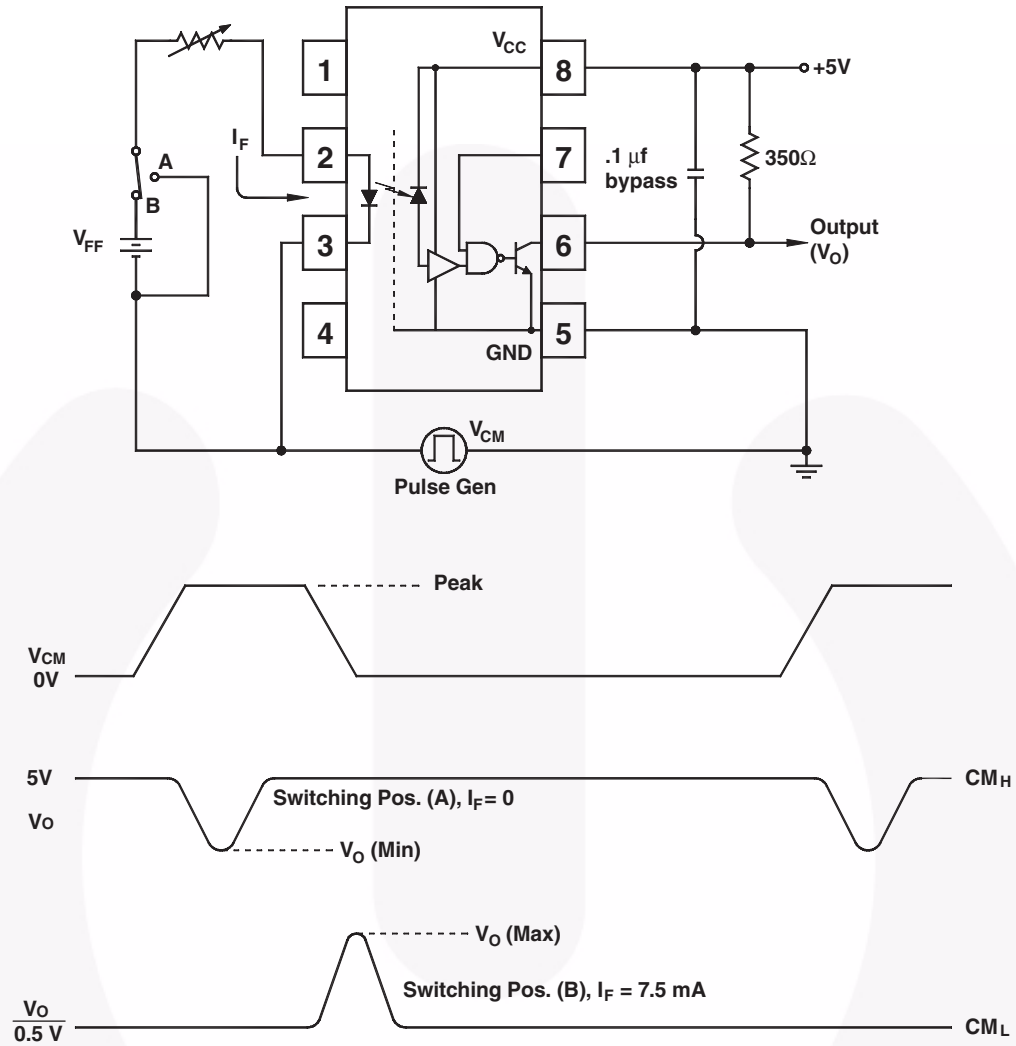
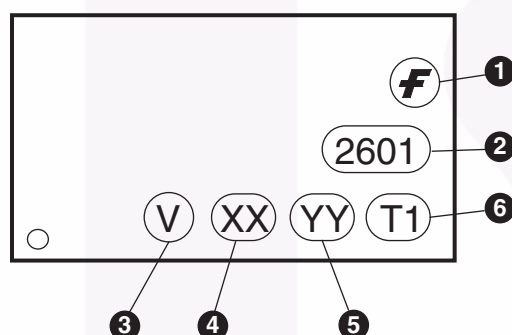


Fig. 14 Test Circuit Common Mode Transient Immunity

Ordering Information

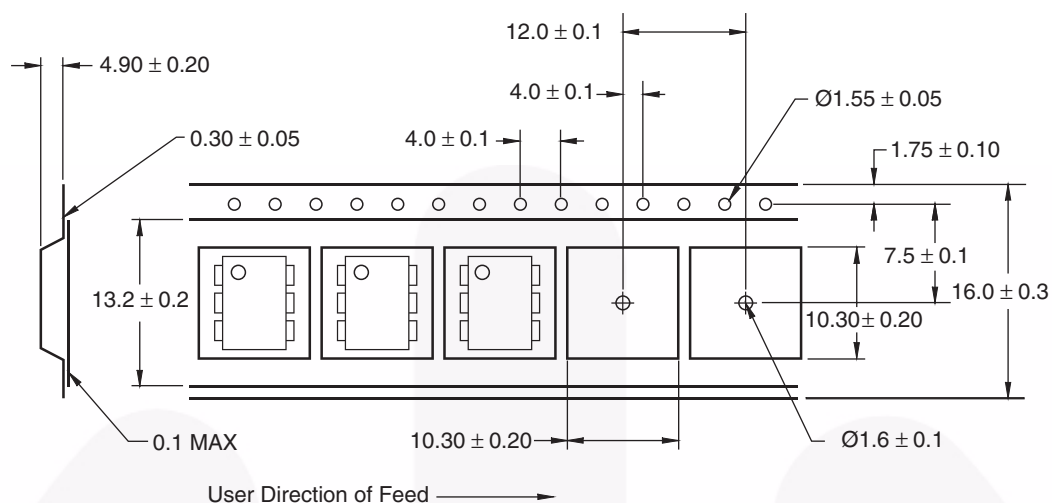
Option	Example Part Number	Description
S	6N137S	Surface Mount Lead Bend
SD	6N137SD	Surface Mount; Tape and Reel
W	6N137W	0.4" Lead Spacing
V	6N137V	VDE0884
WV	6N137WV	VDE0884; 0.4" Lead Spacing
SV	6N137SV	VDE0884; Surface Mount
SDV	6N137SDV	VDE0884; Surface Mount; Tape and Reel

Marking Information

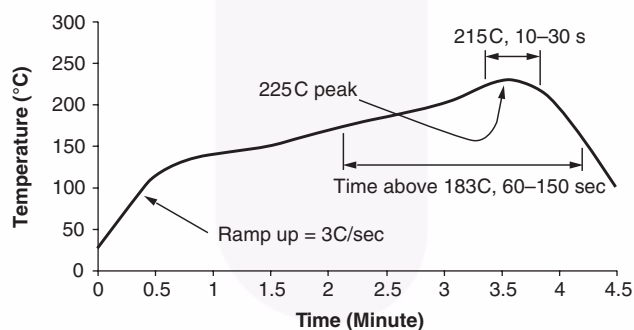


Definitions	
1	Fairchild logo
2	Device number
3	VDE mark (Note: Only appears on parts ordered with VDE option – See order entry table)
4	Two digit year code, e.g., '03'
5	Two digit work week ranging from '01' to '53'
6	Assembly package code

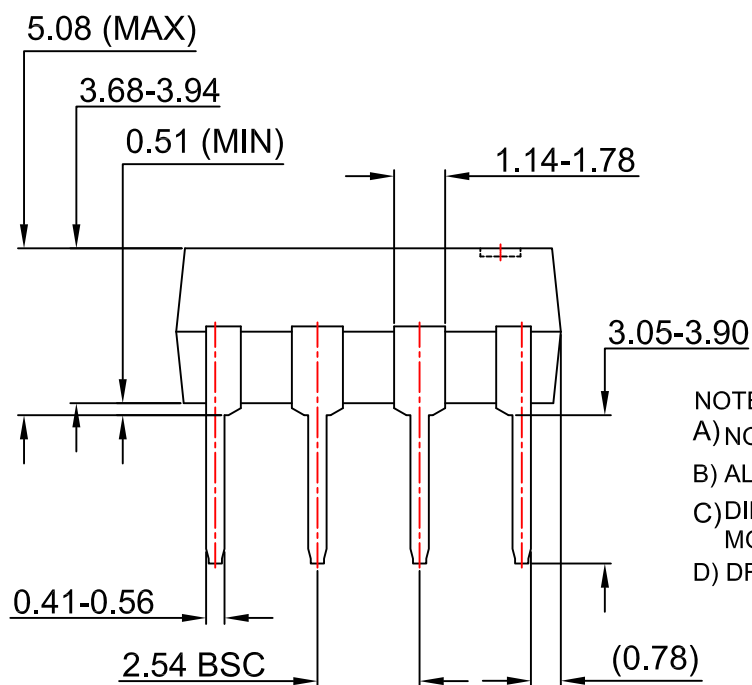
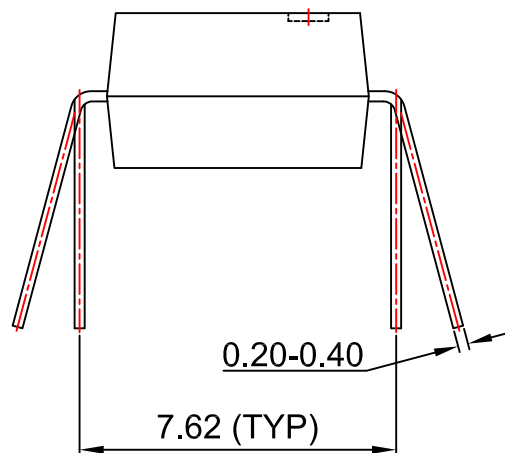
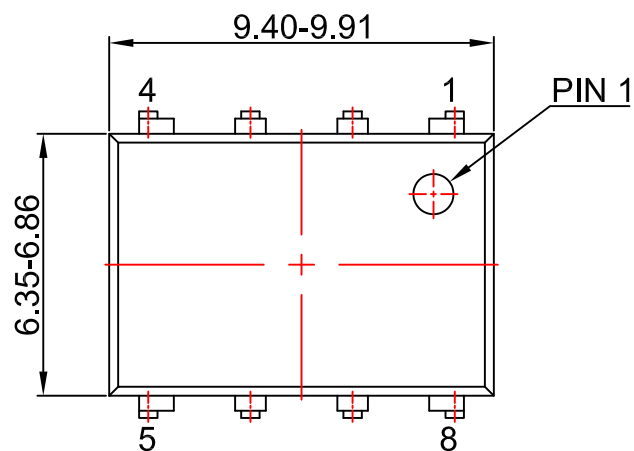
Tape Specifications



Reflow Profile



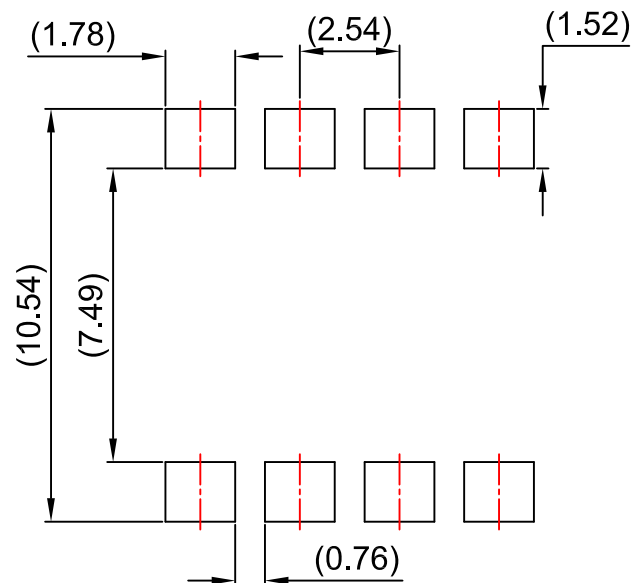
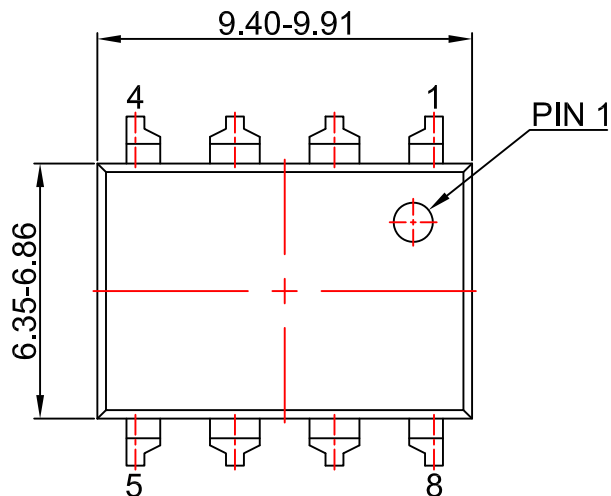
- Peak reflow temperature: 225C (package surface temperature)
- Time of temperature higher than 183C for 60–150 seconds
- One time soldering reflow is recommended



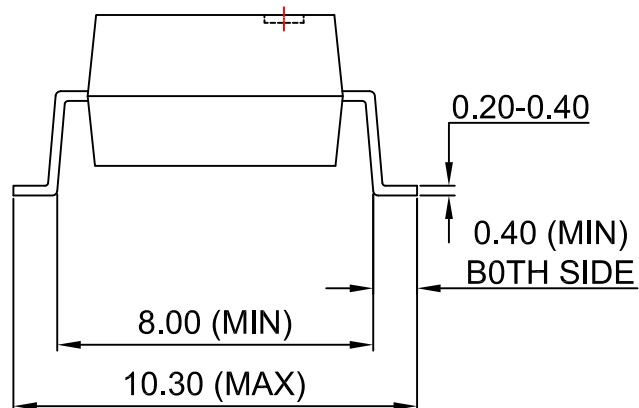
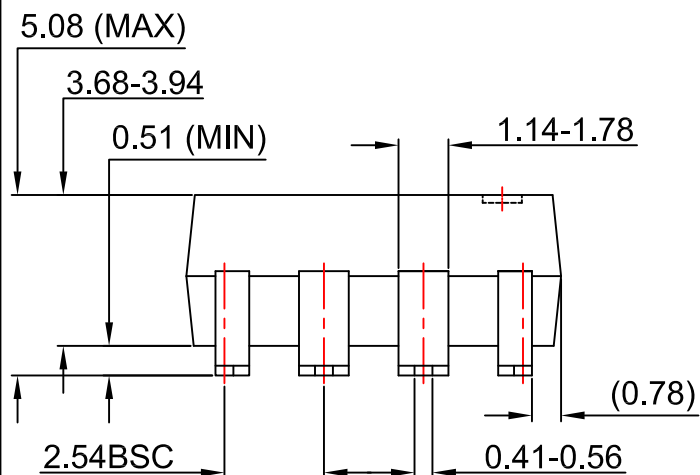
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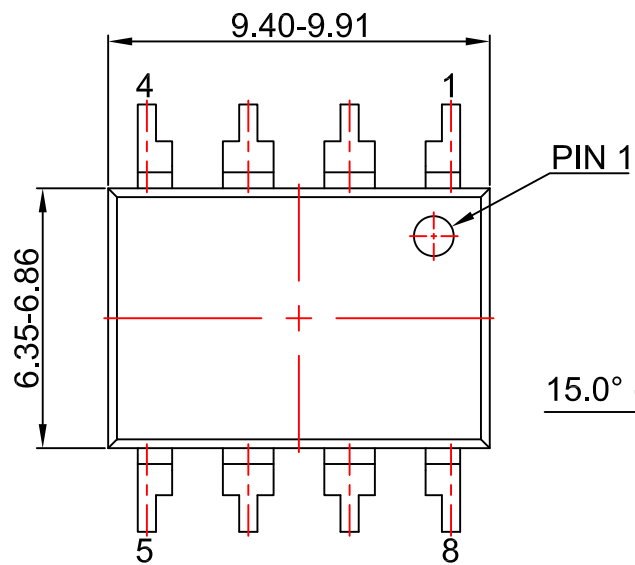
LAND PATTERN RECOMMENDATION



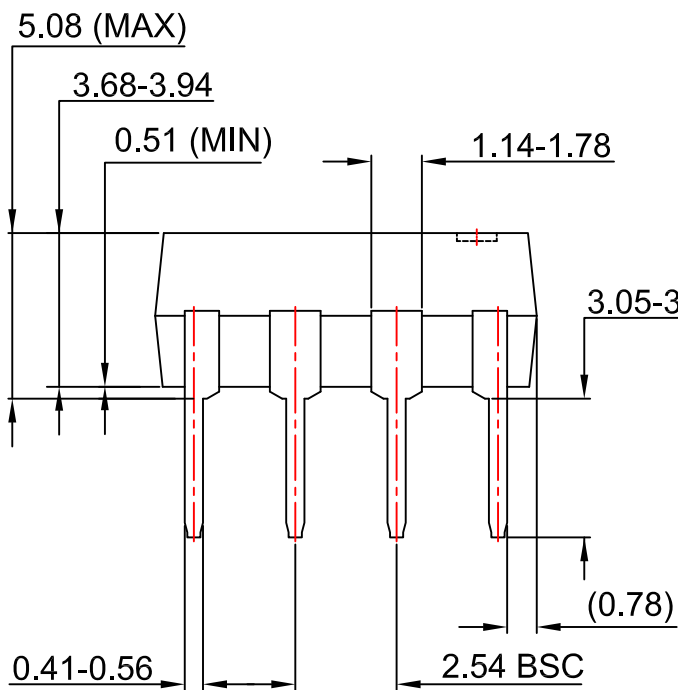
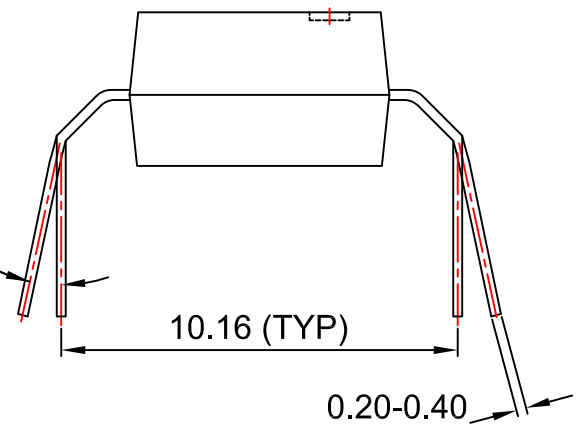
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15.0° (MAX)



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ANTI-COUNTERFEITING POLICY

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Counterfeiting of semiconductor parts is a growing problem in the industry. All manufacturers of semiconductor products are experiencing counterfeiting of their parts. Customers who inadvertently purchase counterfeit parts experience many problems such as loss of brand reputation, substandard performance, failed applications, and increased cost of production and manufacturing delays. Fairchild is taking strong measures to protect ourselves and our customers from the proliferation of counterfeit parts. Fairchild strongly encourages customers to purchase Fairchild parts either directly from Fairchild or from Authorized Fairchild Distributors who are listed by country on our web page cited above. Products customers buy either from Fairchild directly or from Authorized Fairchild Distributors are genuine parts, have full traceability, meet Fairchild's quality standards for handling and storage and provide access to Fairchild's full range of up-to-date technical and product information. Fairchild and our Authorized Distributors will stand behind all warranties and will appropriately address any warranty issues that may arise. Fairchild will not provide any warranty coverage or other assistance for parts bought from Unauthorized Sources. Fairchild is committed to combat this global problem and encourage our customers to do their part in stopping this practice by buying direct or from authorized distributors.

PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Definition of Terms

Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
Advance Information	Formative / In Design	Datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
Preliminary	First Production	Datasheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve design.
No Identification Needed	Full Production	Datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve the design.
Obsolete	Not In Production	Datasheet contains specifications on a product that is discontinued by Fairchild Semiconductor. The datasheet is for reference information only.

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